

Equazioni di secondo grado

Periodo 2 - UdA 4

Risolvere le seguenti equazioni di secondo grado

$$[1] \quad -5x^2 + \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} = 0$$

$$[2] \quad -\frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x + 1 = 0$$

$$[3] \quad \frac{4}{3}x^2 - 12 = 0$$

$$[4] \quad \frac{9}{4}x^2 + 9x + 9 = 0$$

$$[5] \quad -\frac{1}{5}x^2 = 0$$

$$[6] \quad -\frac{1}{6}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$[7] \quad 3x^2 - \frac{21}{2}x + 9 = 0$$

$$[8] \quad \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$[9] \quad -\frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{1}{3}x + 2 = 0$$

$$[10] \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x = 0$$

$$[11] \quad \frac{5}{2}x^2 - \frac{25}{2}x + 5 = 0$$

$$[12] \quad \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$[13] \quad -2x^2 - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$[14] \quad \frac{1}{6}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{6} = 0$$

$$[15] \quad \frac{2}{3}x^2 - 2x - 2 = 0$$

SOLUZIONI

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[1] *Impossibile* [2] $x = 2 \vee x = -\frac{3}{2}$

[3] $x = \pm 3$ [4] $x = -2$

[5] $x = 0$ [6] $x = 2 \vee x = 1$

[7] $x = 2 \vee x = \frac{3}{2}$ [8] *Impossibile*

[9] $x = 2 \vee x = -3$ [10] $x = 0 \vee x = -\frac{2}{3}$

[11] $x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2}$ [12] $x = 3 \vee x = -\frac{3}{2}$

[13] *Impossibile* [14] $x = -1$

[15] $x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{21}}{2}$